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Student	Number

Student Name:

	University of Saskatchewan	1 1/2
EE 325	Communication Systems I	2 <u>L</u>
	Quiz #1 - Jan. 29/2001	3 <u>Ø</u>
20 minutes	- all questions have equal value	4 1

Time: 30 minutes - all questions have equal value

Permitted:- text, printed notes, student's own hand-written materials

Use the space below each question for your answer.

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*2.0 A radio frequency transmitter has a preamplifier with voltage gain 15 followed by a power amplifier with gain 16 dB. If the input and load impedances are 50Ω and the preamplifier input voltage is 20 mVrms. What is the output power (in Watts)?

preamplifier input voltage is 20 mVrms. What is the output power (in waits):

$$P(R) = \frac{15}{2000} = \frac{15}{1000} = \frac{1000}{1000} = \frac{1600}{1000} = \frac{1600}{100$$

*2.2 An oscilloscope measures a 500 Hz sinusoid with peak-to-peak voltage of 3.8 volts. Determine the a) normalized power, b) level in dBV and c) level in dBm (600 Ω)

*2.20 Example 2-14 shows Fourier series components for a 2 kHz square-wave with amplitude ± 2V. Recalculate the 10 kHz component to an accuracy of 5 decimal places. (hint: the complete spectrum can be obtained by first adding a 2 volt dc offset then analyzing the resulting 0-4 volt pulse sequence and then removing the zero Hz component (2 volts) from the calculated spectrum).

*3.1 **Drill Problem - Amplitude Modulation** - For a carrier signal c(t)=100Vcos2π20000t and the following modulation signals, determine the sinusoidal component amplitudes (in volts) and component frequencies (in kHz).

Modulation Signal	Al _	F1	_A2	F2	A3_	F3	A4 F4
2V cos2π4000t	100	16	100	Эμ			
4V cos2π11000t	200	q	300	31			
$2V + 4V \cos 2\pi 23000t$	200	3	200	20	200	43	
cos2π4000t + cos2π8000t	so_	12	٤٤.	16	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Checksum .	550	40	550	91	250	67	50 28

*3.4 A baseband color television signal has frequency components ranging from 0.1 Hz to 4.6 MHz. a) What is the theoretical minimum sampling rate that can faithfully reproduce this signal? b) Suggest a practical minimum sampling rate. c) What is the bit rate in the practical case if 8 bit PCM coding is used?

*5.11c A 10 kHz sinusoid is quantized using a 16-bit LPCM encoder/decoder with 44 kHz sampling rate. Assume that sinusoid uses only one-eighth/of the encoder voltage range and that the output reconstruction filter has sin x/x correction with 0-22 kHz 7 bandwidth. Determine the SNR of the reconstructed sinusoid.

END